



EF-1 α 1/2 (Acetyl Lys41) Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog No	YP-Ab-16098
Isotype	IgG
Reactivity	Human;Mouse;Rat
Applications	WB;ELISA
Gene Name	EEF1A1/EEF1A2/EEF1A1P5
Protein Name	Elongation factor 1-alpha 1/Elongation factor 1-alpha 2/Putative elongation factor 1-alpha-like 3
Immunogen	The antiserum was produced against synthesized Acetyl-peptide derived from human EEF1A around the Acetylation site of Lys41. AA range:1-50
Specificity	Acetyl-EF-1 α 1/2 (K41) Polyclonal Antibody detects endogenous levels of EF-1 α 1/2 protein only when acetylated at K41.
Formulation	Liquid in PBS containing 50% glycerol, 0.5% BSA and 0.02% sodium azide.
Source	Polyclonal, Rabbit,IgG
Purification	The antibody was affinity-purified from rabbit antiserum by affinity-chromatography using epitope-specific immunogen.
Dilution	Western Blot: 1/500 - 1/2000. ELISA: 1/20000. Not yet tested in other applications.
Concentration	1 mg/ml
Purity	\geq 90%
Storage Stability	-20°C/1 year
Synonyms	EEF1A1; EEF1A; EF1A; LENG7; Elongation factor 1-alpha 1; EF-1-alpha-1; Elongation factor Tu; EF-Tu; Eukaryotic elongation factor 1 A-1; eEF1A-1; Leukocyte receptor cluster member 7; EEF1A2; EEF1AL; STN; Elongation factor 1-alpha 2; EF-1-alpha-2;Eukaryotic elongation factor 1 A-2; eEF1A-2; Statin-S1; EEF1A1P5; EEF1AL3; Putative elongation factor 1-alpha-like 3; EF-1-alpha-like 3; Eukaryotic elongation factor 1 A-like 3; eEF1A-like 3; Eukaryotic translation elongation factor 1 alpha-1 pseudogene 5
Observed Band	50kD
Cell Pathway	Cytoplasm . Nucleus . Nucleus, nucleolus . Cell membrane . Colocalizes with DLC1 at actin-rich regions in the cell periphery (PubMed:19158340). Translocates together with ZPR1 from the cytoplasm to the nucleus and nucleolus after treatment with mitogens (PubMed:8650580). Localization at the cell membrane depends on EEF1A1 phosphorylation status and the presence of PPP1R16B (PubMed:26497934) . .
Tissue Specificity	Brain, placenta, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas but barely detectable in heart and skeletal muscle.
Function	caution:Could be the product of a pseudogene.,function:This protein promotes the GTP-dependent binding of aminoacyl-tRNA to the A-site of ribosomes during



protein biosynthesis.,similarity:Belongs to the GTP-binding elongation factor family. EF-Tu/EF-1A subfamily.,subunit:Found in a nuclear export complex with XPO5, EEF1A1, Ran and aminoacylated tRNA. Interacts with XPO5. May interact with ERGIC2.,tissue specificity:Brain, placenta, lung, liver, kidney, pancreas but barely detectable in heart and skeletal muscle.,

Background

This gene encodes an isoform of the alpha subunit of the elongation factor-1 complex, which is responsible for the enzymatic delivery of aminoacyl tRNAs to the ribosome. This isoform (alpha 1) is expressed in brain, placenta, lung, liver, kidney, and pancreas, and the other isoform (alpha 2) is expressed in brain, heart and skeletal muscle. This isoform is identified as an autoantigen in 66% of patients with Felty syndrome. This gene has been found to have multiple copies on many chromosomes, some of which, if not all, represent different pseudogenes. [provided by RefSeq, Jul 2008],

matters needing attention

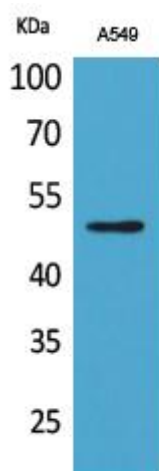
Avoid repeated freezing and thawing!

Usage suggestions

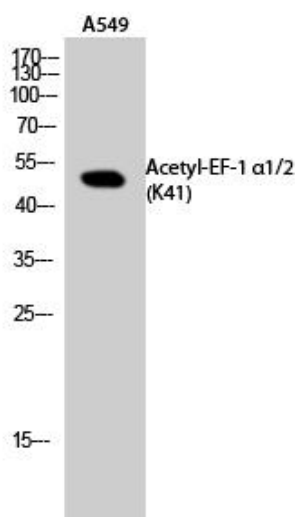
This product can be used in immunological reaction related experiments. For more information, please consult technical personnel.



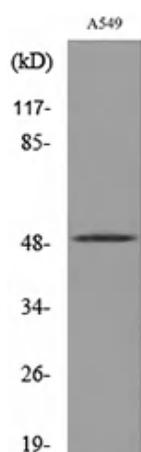
Products Images



Western Blot analysis of A549 cells using Acetyl-EF-1 α 1/2 (K41) Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western Blot analysis of A549 cells using Acetyl-EF-1 α 1/2 (K41) Polyclonal Antibody. Secondary antibody(catalog#:RS0002) was diluted at 1:20000



Western blot analysis of lysate from A549 cells, using EEF1A-pan (Acetyl-Lys41) Antibody.